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CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM BCA SIXTH SEMESTER DEGREE EXAMINATION MAY/JUNE 2023 COMPUTER APPLICATIONS

Computer Graphics and Multimedia

Duration:3 Hours

Max Marks:80

I. Answer any FIVE of the following:

(5×2= 10 Marks)

- 1. How is Computer Graphics used in the industries and business?
- 2. What do you understand by clipping window? Give an example.
- 3. What do you understand by eight-connected region?
- 4. Give the transformation matrix for reflection about: (i) the line y=x (ii) origin.
- 5. Define an image.
- 6. State the difference between lands and pits.

II. Answer any FIVE of the following:

(5×6= 30 Marks)

- Distinguish between Raster Scan Display and Vector Scan Display Systems.
- 8. With an example, explain the replicating pixel method.
- Show that two successive scalings are multiplicative.
- 10. What do you understand by seed fill? Explain the seed filling algorithms.
- 11. Explain the major classifications of media with examples...
- 12. Find transformation of a triangle A(1,0), B(0,1), C(1,1) by rotating 45° about the origin and then translating one unit in x and y direction.

III. Answer any FOUR of the following:

(4×10= 40 Marks)

- 13. (a) Write a note on Antialiasing.
 - (b) Write the algorithm to draw an Ellipse.
- 14. (a) Write the matrix for rotation about 3 Axis in 3D homogenous coordinate system.
 - (b) Show that two successive rotations are additive.

- 15. (a) Explain the four categories of MIDI software application.
 - (b) Write a note on MIDI messages.
- 16. (a) Write a C program to fill a rectangle using a user defined function.
 - (b) Write a C program to rotate an object about the origin.
- 17 With an appropriate example, explain Sutherland-Hodegeman polygon clipping algorithm.

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CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM

BA/B.Sc./B.Com./BBA/BCA FOURTH SEMESTER DEGREE EXAMINATION MAY/JUNE 2023

Constitution of India

Duration:2 Hrs Max Marks:60

Section - A

I. Answer any Five of the following:

 $(2 \times 5 = 10)$

- a. Who gave the idea of a Constituent assembly? Who was the chairman of the Constituent assembly?
- b. What is Judicial Review?
- c. What are the qualifications for the President of India?
- d. What are the qualifications for the Governor of a State?
- e. State the term of office of the Rajya Sabha.
- f. What are the qualifications required to become a member of the Vidhana Parishad?
- 9. What is the composition of a High Court in India?
- h. What is a Public Interest Litigation?

Section - B

II. Answer any Six of the following:

 $(5 \times 6 = 30)$

- State the Fundamental Duties explained under Article 51-A of the Indian Constitution.
- b. Highlight the significance of the Indian Constitution.
- State any five powers and functions of the State Cabinet.
- d. Write a short note on the functions of the Chief Minister.
- e. Write a short note on the Lok Sabha in the Union Parliament.
- f. Explain the Original Jurisdiction of the Supreme Court of India.
- g. Write a short note on the Zilla Panchayat.
- h. Write a note on the Electoral reforms in India.

Section - C

III. Answer any Two of the following:

 $(10 \times 2 = 20)$

- Elucidate the Fundamental Rights of the citizens of India guaranteed by the Constitution.
- b. Explain the powers and functions of the Prime Minister of India.
- c. Examine the structure and features of the Judicial System in India.
- d. Enumerate the features of Federalism in India.

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CHOICE BASED SEMESTER SCHEME B.A./B.Sc./B.Com./B.B.A/B.C.A FOURTH SEMESTER DEGREE EXAMINATION MAY/JUNE 2023

GENERAL EDUCATION - IV

Duration: 3 Hours	Max Marks:30
1.The lithosphere is made up of	
1. Land	
2. Water	
3. Air	
4. Ice	
2.Air consists of% oxygen	
1. 20	
2. 21	
3. 22	
4. 23	
3. The layer of life is called	
1. Hydrosphere	
2. Lithosphere	
3. Biosphere	
4. Atmosphere	
4denotes groups of individuals of any one kind of organism	
1. Population	
2. Community	
3. Biomes	
4. None f the above	
5.It deals with the organisms and their environment in geological past	
1. Radiation Ecology	
2. Human Ecology	
3. Palaeoecology	
4. Biome Ecoogy	

6	is an abiotic factor
	1. Plants
	2. Animals
	3. Fungus
	4. Light
7.I	Producers are also called as
	1. Decomposrs
	2. Heterotrophs
	3. Autotrophs
	4. Consumers
8.	The study of soil is called
	1. Pedology
	2. Physiology
	3. Ethology
	4. Ecology
9.	Free swimming aquatic animals are called
	1. Nekton
	2. Benthos
	3. Plankton
	4. Decomposers
10) is an herbivore
	1. Lion
	2. Fox
	3. Deer
	4. Tiger
1	1. Water polluted by industrial waste is called
	1. lead
	2. effluents
	3. broth
	4. toxin
13	2. The method by which trees are planted in avenues and parks in urban areas is called
	1. urban forestry
	2. social forestry
	3. agro forestry
	4. reforestry

13.0	Chipko movement was started in the year
1.	1971
2.	1970
3.	1972
4.	1973
14.Fi	re crackers explosion is an example ofPollution
1.	Land
2.	Noise
3.	Air
4.	Thermal
15.W	/hich of the following methods helps to conserve soil ?
1.	reforestry
2.	mulching
3.	agro forestry
4.	social forestry
16.P	lanting of trees on land is called
1.	afforestation
2.	deforestation
3.	strip cropping
4.	crop rotation
17.S	cience of managing forest resources for human benefit is called
1.	mulching
2.	forestry
3.	pollution
4.	disaster
18.C	osmic radiation is an example ofpollution
1.	air
2.	noise
3.	radioactive
4.	land
19.E	Sutrophication is related topollution
1.	land
2.	Water
3.	air
4.	noise

20.Bhopal gas tragedy is an example ofpollution
1. noise
2. air
3. land
4. water
21. When the situation of hazard arise?
1. When there is the threat of natural calamity
2. When there is a threat to the consequences of the disaster
3. When there is a threat to property and lives from calamities
4.All of these
22. Which one of the following is not a Natural Disaster?
1. Volcano eruption
2. Flood
3. Blow out
4. Tsunami
1. 234.4
23. Seismic waves cause disaster named as
1. Nino
2. Tsunami
3. Typhoon
4. Hurricane
24.Tsunami word is derived from which language word.
1. Greek word
2. Indian word
3. Japanese word
4. None of these
25. The two atom bombs in World war II has been dropped on which of the following: -
1. Germany
2. Russia
3. Italy
4. Hiroshima and Nagasaki in Japan
26.Full form of NDMA
1. Nation Disaster Management Authority
National Disaster Management Authority National Disaster Management Authority
2. I tational Biodotti Management Manietty

3. Nation Disaster Management Administration

4. None of these

27. The head of the NDMA is

- 1. President
- 2. Governor
- 3. Chief Minister
- 4. Prime Minister

28. The NDRF comprises ofbattalions

- 1. None of these
- 2. 9
- 3.7
- 4.8

29.A deep burn destroys all layers of skin is termed as:-

- 1. None of these
- 2. First degree burn
- 3. Second degree burn
- 4. Third degree burn

30. Novel Coronavirus was originated from which country?

- 1. None of these
- 2. Bangladesh
- 3. Japan
- 4. China

CREDIT BASED SECOND SEMESTER BA/B.SC/BBA/B.COM/BCA DEGREE EXAMINATION MAY/JUNE 2023 GENERAL EDUCATION ENVIRONMENT AND DISASTER MANAGEMENT

GVE201.2 TIME: 3 Hrs

I. Answer any Four of the following

 $04 \times 05 = 20$

- 1. Write a note on Ecology
- 2. Mention the causes and solutions for Noise pollution.
- 3. Write a note on Chipko Movement.
- 4. What is Disaster management? Explain.
- 5. Mention the items of First aid kit with its uses.
- 6. Explain the role of Media during Disaster

II. Answer any Two of the following

 $02 \times 10 = 20$

- 7. Briefly explain the Levels of Organization in Ecology.
- 8. Elaborate the legal measures taken for Environmental protection.
- 9. Elucidate the process of Disaster Risk Reduction.
- 10. Explain the role of various stakeholders during Disaster with the illustrations.

III. Answer any Two of the following

 $02 \times 10 = 20$

- 11. Briefly elaborate the concepts of Ecological Factors.
- 12. Explain the types of of Pollution with its causes, impacts and solutions.
- 13. Elaborate various environmental movements of India.
- 14. Elucidate the classification of Disaster.
- 15. Explain the safety measures and components of Disaster Management.

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CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM

BA/B.Sc./B.Com./BBA/BCA SECOND SEMESTER DEGREE EXAMINATION MAY/JUNE 2023

Environmental Studies

Duration: 2 Hours Max Marks: 60

Section - A

I. Answer any Ten of the following:

 $(2 \times 10 = 20)$

- 1. Define soil erosion.
- 2. What is a pioneer community?
- 3. What are omnivores? Give examples.
- 4. What is Chipko Movement?
- 5. What is the criteria to qualify as a Biodiversity hotspot?
- 6. What is an island?
- 7. Comment on Land degradation.
- 8. Define disaster management.
- 9. What is the United Nations Convention on Biological Diversity (UNCBD)?
- 10. Write the measures to reduce Noise pollution.
- 11. What are the sources of solid waste?
- 12. Why does plastic damage the environment?

Section - B

II. Answer any Eight of the following:

 $(5 \times 8 = 40)$

- 1. Explain the different types of natural resouces.
- 2. Explain the significance of forests.
- 3. Write a note on ocean ecosystem.
- 4. Write a note on mining and dam construction.
- 5. Write a short note on soil conservation and management.
- 6. Write a brief note on biological diversity.
- 7. Enlist the salient features of Wildlife Protection Act, 1972.
- 8. Write a note on climate change.
- 9. Write a explanatory note on resettlement of project affected persons.
- 10. Write a note on Environmental movements.
- 11. Explain the components of environment.
- 12. Enlist the activities that help in creating public awareness in environmental conservation.

CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM SEMESTER SCHEME B.A./B.Sc./B.Com./B.B.A/B.C.A SECOND SEMESTER DEGREE EXAMINATION MAY/JUNE 2023

ENVIRONMENTAL STUDIES

Duration: 2 Hours 	Max Marks:30
The National Disaster Management Authority (NDMA) is headed by	Prime Minister of India Governer of states Chief minister of states
2. Disaster Management includes	Mitigation Reconstruction Rehabilitation All of the above
3. The extent to which a community, structure, services or geographic area is likely to be damaged or disrupted by the impact of particular hazard is termed as	Capacity
	Vulnerability Risk Hazard assessment
4.The Richter scale expresses an earthquakes	Magnitude Location Duration Depth
5.The State Disaster Management Authority is headed by	Prime Minister of India President of India Chief minister of the state Governer of states
6. What is drought?	No rainfall for a long continuous period Heavy rainfall for a long continuous period Moderate rainfall for a long continuous period
	None of the above
7. DDMA is headed by	BDO Chief secretary District magistrate None of the above

8. The cycle of disaster consists of the following components Mitigation, Preparedness, Response, Recovery Preparedness, vulnerability assessment, risk assessment, recovery Mitigation, Risk assessment, Response and Recovery None of the above 9. Which one of the following is a geological disaster? Storm surge Tsunami Flood wild fire 10. Which of the following is not a man-made hazard? Leakage of Toxic waste Wars and Civil Strife Drought Environmental pollution 11. Which of the following organization is the apex authority of **NDA** disaster management in India? **NDMA CDMA INDR** 12.Full form of DDMA District Disaster Management Authority District Disease Manage Authority District Dam Manage Authority District Duck Management Authority 13. Tsunami is also known as Tectonic Sea waves Seismic Sea waves Plactonic Sea waves Systonic Sea waves 14. The Disaster Management Act was made in 2006 2003 2005 2009

15.A hazard is a situation where there is Threat of natural calamity Threat to property and lives from calamities Threat for consequences of disaster All of the above 16. Who shall be the first responders in disaster management Central Government situation? Community Local Government State Government 17.Man-made disasters include: Wars Terrorism Industrial hazard All of the above HIV 18. Which of the following diseases appeared as public health concern in the last quarter of 21st century Corona virus Ebola virus All the above 19. A disease that becomes unusually widespread and even global Epidemic in its reach is referred to as Pademic Spanish flu Hyperendemic 20. Zika virus is related to which of the following diseases Dengue Yellow fever Japanese encephalitis All of the above Natural disaster 21. Bhopal Gas Disaster is a kind of Manmade disaster Epidemic disaster None of the above 22. Tsunami's can occur only during Evening Afternoon Any time of the day or night Morning

23.In India National Institute of Disaster Management is located Manipur at Punjab Hyderabad New Delhi 24.Effective hazard management largely rely on Govt. agencies Emergency responses Pre-disaster planning Volcanoes 25. Which of the following groups of people is more vulnerable in Men, boys, old people the event of disaster? Men, women, boys Women, children, old people None of the above 26. The level of harm by a hazard is governed by Magnitude of the hazard Frequency of the hazard Intensity at the impact point All of the above 27. Which of the following is not an atmospheric hazard Epidemic in human Hail Heavy rainfall hurricanes 28. The level of risk of a disaster depends on Nature of the hazard Vulnerability of the elements which are affected Economic value of the elements which are affected All of the above 29. Which of the following is a man-made disaster Terrorism Major fire Pollution All of the above 30. Vulnerability analysis comes in which part of the Disaster Mitigation Management Cycle Preparedness Response Recovery ******