

CREDIT- BASED FIRST SEMESTER M.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2019

M.Sc. PSYCHOLOGY

THEORIES OF PERSONALITY

Time: 3 Hrs

Max. Marks: 70

I Answer any SIX of the following:**(6×2=12)**

- a) Idiographic research in personality
- b) Free will Vs. determinism
- c) Reactive and Proactive needs
- d) Extraversion
- e) Peak experience
- f) Valence
- g) Learned helplessness
- h) Tamasic personality traits

II Answer any TWO of the following:**(2×8=16)**

- 1) Role of conflict in the stages of psychosocial development
- 2) Distinguish between positive regard, positive self-regard & unconditional self worth.
- 3) Sensation seeking and its four components.

III Answer the following questions:**(3×14=42)**

- 4) a) "Our psychological processes are directed by the ways in which we anticipate events"
–Explain with the help of Kelly's theory.

Or

- b) Compare & Contrast Horney's theory with Freud's theory.

- 5) a) Explain the various ways to assess Personality.

Or

- b) Elucidate Cattell trait theory in understanding personality.

- 6) a) Enumerate the contribution of Rotter and Mc Clelland towards personality theories.

Or

- b) Describe how Veda and Purushartas explain Personality.

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M.Sc. PSYCHOLOGY
COGNITIVE PSYCHOLOGY

Time: 3 Hrs

Max. Marks: 70

I Answer any SIX of the following: (6×2=12)

- a) Difference between top down and bottom up processing.
- b) Metacognition.
- c) Cognitive maps
- d) Code switching.
- e) Types of problems.
- f) Syllogistic reasoning
- g) Framing effect
- h) lexicon

II Answer any TWO of the following: (2×8=16)

- 1) Short note on mnemonic techniques.
- 2) Nature and current status of cognitive psychology
- 3) Bilingualism – its merits & de-merits.

III Answer the following questions: (3×14=42)

- 4) a) Explain perceptual processes.
Or
b) Discuss the structure of semantic memory.
- 5) a) Language production involves reading and speaking explain.
Or
b) Describe characteristics of images.
- 6) a) Explain the application of cognitive psychology.
Or
b) Discuss the different problem solving approaches.

M.Sc. PSYCHOLOGY
RESEARCH METHODS

Time: 3 Hrs

Max. Marks: 70

I Answer any SIX of the following: (6×2=12)

- a) Validity
- b) Experimental research
- c) Sampling error
- d) Reliability
- e) Qualitative research methods
- f) Pre experimental research
- g) Focused group discussion
- h) Purposive sampling method

II Answer any TWO of the following: (2×8=16)

- 1) Non Parametric and Parametric tests.
- 2) Layout of research report
- 3) Differences between Qualitative and Quantitative researches.

III Answer the following questions: (3×14=42)

- 4) a) Elaborate the characteristics and values of qualitative research
Or
b) What is research design? Explain the types of research design.
- 5) a) Elucidate the characteristics and types of hypothesis
Or
b) What is sampling method? Explain the random sampling and stratified random sampling with its limitations .
- 6) a) Delineate the various methods of collecting qualitative data.
Or
b) Ethics in research and elaborate the types of research.

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M.Sc. PSYCHOLOGY

STATISTICS IN PSYCHOLOGY

Time: 3 Hrs

Max. Marks: 70

I Answer any SIX of the following: (6×2=12)

- a) Parameter
- b) Inferential Statistics
- c) Type II error
- d) 'r' coefficient
- e) Criterion variable
- f) Standard error
- g) Repeated measures design
- h) Non-parametric test

II Answer any TWO of the following: (2×8=16)

1. Frequency distribution graphs and types
2. Role of Z-scores in Standardizing a distribution.
3. Use of computers in Statistics.

III Answer the following questions: (3×14=42)

- 4) a) What is Statistics? Explain the role of statistics in psychological research with suitable examples.

Or

- b) Compute the mean, median, and mode for the following raw data.
50,43,56,61,21,52,55,26,40,62,37,52,29,29,32,55,52,38,44,47,43,38,51,46,28,39,29,
33,24,48,40,30,29

- 5) a) Define probability. Explain the concept, importance and properties of normal distribution.

Or

- b) What is regression? Formulate an appropriate hypothesis and interpret the regression score for the following data.

Stress (X)	15	13	13	19	17	11	8	7
Immunity (Y)	8	8	9	10	8	7	2	2

- 6) a) Discuss the assumptions of parametric and non-parametric test. Explain any two non-parametric tests and their applications in psychological research.

Or

- b) What is ANOVA? Construct the appropriate hypothesis for the following data and interpret the F-Ratio.

Control Group	6	7	11	9	8	9
Experimental I	11	15	16	18	13	14
Experimental II	16	14	19	20	20	21
