05	
<b>BOT</b>	601

Reg. No. ....

# CREDIT BASED SIXTH SEMESTER B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION APRIL 2012

# **BOTANY - VII**

# MOLECULAR BIOLOGY, GENETICS AND BIOMETRICS

Time: 3 Hrs	Max. Marks: 70

### Instructions:

	2. A 3. A	nswer both Part A & Part B. nswer TWO full questions from each unit of Part B ll questions in Part B carry equal marks. raw diagrams wherever necessary.	
		PART – A	
1.	Ans a) b) c) d) e) f) g) h) i) k) l)	What is Northern blotting? State Wobble hypothesis. Give the composition of Thymidine. What is meant by Restriction Fragment Length polymorphism? Give an example for haploidy. What is emasculation? Define germinal mutation. How many types of trisomics are expected in Datura? Name any two chemical mutagens. What is deletion with reference to point mutation? What is sampling? Mention the types. What is standard deviation?	1x10=10
		PART – B UNIT – I	
Ans	swer a	any TWO of the following.	10x2=20
2.	a) b) c)	Explain Griffith's experiment. Write a note on Transposons. List out the characteristics of Taq. Polymerase.	05 2½ 2½
3.	a) b) c)	Explain Watson and Crick model of DNA. List out any Five characteristics of Genetic code. Mention the uses of Southern blotting technique.	05 2½ 2½
4.	a) b) c)	Explain the steps involved in the replication of DNA. Write a note on Plasmids. How does activation of amino acid occur during translation?	05 2½ 2½ 2½

## IINIT – II

		UNII - II	
Ans	wer a	any TWO of the following.	10x2=20
5.	a)	Explain Raphanobrassica.	05
	b)	Explain the types of deficiencies.	$2\frac{1}{2}$
	c)	What is back cross? Explain monohybrid test cross with an example.	$2\frac{1}{2}$
6.	a)	Explain polygenic inheritance with a plant example.	05
	b)	Write a short note on incomplete dominance.	2½
	c)	Give a diagrammatic representation of pericentric inversion.	2½
7.	a)	Define linkage. Write a short account of incomplete linkage with a pla	nt example.
	b)	Write a note on Genetic significance of Duplications.	2½
	c)	What is Duplicate gene Interaction? Give the F <sub>2</sub> phenotypic ratio.	2½
		UNIT – III	
Ans	wer a	any TWO of the following.	10x2=20
8.	a)	What is Frame Shift Mutation? Explain the events that lead to Frame S	
			05
	b)	What are the uses of Histogram?	$2\frac{1}{2}$
	c)	Differentiate between cDNA and Genomic DNA sequences.	$2\frac{1}{2}$
9.	a)	With the help of a diagram explain title, sub caption and Box-head, bo	• -
		footnote of a table.	05
	b)	Write a note on physical mutagens.	21/2
	c)	What are bioinformatic tools? Explain any two uses.	2½
10.	a)	Define the following terms.	
		i) Class frequency	
		ii) Cumulative frequency	
		iii) Class limit	
		iv) Relative frequency	0.5
	<b>b</b> )	v) Mid Point How does on intercolating agent cause mutation?	05 21/
	b)	How does an intercalating agent cause mutation?	$\frac{2\frac{1}{2}}{2\frac{1}{2}}$
	c)	Write a note on BLAST.	$2\frac{1}{2}$

# CREDIT BASED SIXTH SEMESTER B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION APRIL 2013

#### **BOTANY**

### MOLECULAR BIOLOGY, GENETICS AND BIOMETRICS

Time: 3 Hrs Max. Marks: 80

#### **Instructions:**

- 1. Answer both Part A & Part B.
- 2. Answer TWO full questions from each unit of Part B
- 3. All questions in Part B carry equal marks.
- 4. Draw diagrams wherever necessary.

#### PART – A

1. Answer **any TEN** of the following.

2x10=20

- a) What is a map unit? How is it determined?
- b) Differentiate between mean and median.
- c) Write any two effects of deficiencies.
- d) Name the types of rRNA in the smaller and larger units of eukaryotic rebosomes.
- e) What are the effects of UV radiation on genes?
- f) What is the type of linkage seen in maize? Why?
- g) Write the principle involved in PCR. Mention one of its uses.
- h) What is dataprocessing? Mention its uses.
- i) Write two important features of transposons with two examples.
- j) Write any two differences between primary and secondary data.
- k) Write the significance of haploidy.
- 1) Write any two differences between prokaryotic and eukaryotic transcription.

### PART - B

## UNIT - I

Ans	wer a	any TWO of the following.	10x2=20
2.	a)	Explain briefly the steps involved in translation process.	05
	b)	Write the principle and application of SDS page.	2½
	c)	Write a note on Contribution of Avery et.al.	2½
3.	a)	Explain the process of RNA splicing.	05
	b)	What is genetic code? Mention the characteristics features.	2½
	c)	Draw a neat labeled diagram of Watson and Crick model of DNA.	2½

4.	a)	Explain briefly the mechanism of DNA replication.									
	b)	Define	the terms	;							
		1) Indu	cer 2) R	eprocesso	or 3) Reg	gulator 4)	Promoto	or 5) cest	rum	21/2	
	c)	Write a	note on 1	plasmids.						21/2	
					UN	II – TI					
Ans	wer aı	ny TWC	of the fo	ollowing.					-	10x2=20	
5.	a)	Explair	allopoly	ploidy wi	ith two ex	amples.				05	
	b)	What is	s cross ov	er? Write	its signif	icance.				21/2	
	c)	Write ti	he feature	es of poly	genic inh	eritance.				2½	
6.	a)	Describ	e the cyt	ological b	ehavior o	of translo	cation het	erozygot	es with it	s effects. 0	5
	b)	In Mirabilis Jalapa F2 ratio is 1:2:1. Give reasons.									
	c)	Give th	e charact	eristic fea	itures of l	inkage.				2½	
7.	a)	Explain complementary factors with a plant example.									
	b)	Differentiate between paracentric and pericentric inversions.									
	c)	Write a	note on	trisomy ir	plants.					21/2	
					UN	IT – III					
Ans	wer aı	ny TWC	of the fo	ollowing.					-	10x2=20	
8.	a)	What a	re frame	shift muta	tions? Ex	xplain.				05	
	b)	What a	re biologi	ical data t	oases? Wi	rite a note	e on any c	one of the	m.	21/2	
	c)	What is	samplin	g? Mentio	on the typ	es				2½	
9.	a)	Calcula	ite the sta	ndard div	rision of t	he follow	ring data.			05	
Poo	ds/Pla	nts	20-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70	70-80	80-90	90-100	
No	of Pl	ants	30	58	62	85	112	70	57	26	
							I				
	b)	Mutatio	ons have a	a role in i	mprovem	ent of cro	ps. Justif	y with ex	amples.	21/2	
	c)	Write a	brief not	e on geno	ome anno	tations.				2½	
10.	a)	-		ıl mutageı						05	
	b) c)		note on l	histogram	IS.					2½	
	C)				) Populat	ion 4) B	slast 5) C	Genome		21/2	

# CREDIT BASED SIXTH SEMESTER B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION APRIL 2014 **BOTANY**

### **ENVIRONMENTAL BIOLOGY & BIOMETRICS**

Max.	Marks:	<b>80</b>
	Max.	Max. Marks:

#### **Instructions:**

- 1. Answer both Part A & Part B.
- 2. Answer two full questions from each unit.
- 3. All questions in Part B carry equal marks.
- 4. Draw diagrams wherever necessary.

#### PART – A

- 1. Answer any TEN of the following. 10x2=20
  - a) Which is the main types of vegetation in tropical areas? Give reasons.
  - b) What is vivipary? Give one example.
  - c) Name the different types of vegetation based on temperature.
  - d) What is meant by mortality and natality?
  - e) What are Epiphytes? Give two examples.
  - f) Mention the harmful effects of lead and mercury.
  - g) What is meant by biotransformation? What is its importance?
  - h) Name any two indicators of water quality.
  - i) What is Red data book? What is its importance?
  - j) Write two main objectives of social foresty.
  - k) What are the uses of solar energy?
  - 1) Define 't' test write its formula.

## PART – B UNIT – I

#### Answer any TWO of the following. 10x2 = 202. Discuss the effects of light on vegetation. 5 a) Write a note on 'biological systems' of soil complex. 3 b) Comment on the roots of hydrophytes with examples. 2 c) 3. Give an account of anatomical adaptations of Xerophytes. 5 a) Write a note on mutualism with two examples 3 b) Define growth rate of a population. How it is calculated? 2 c) 4. Write note on soil water. 5 a) Write a note on age pyramids. b) 3 List any two types of negative interactions among organisms. 2 c)

# UNIT – II

occurring in a por	nd. 5								
	3								
	2								
and control meas	ures. 5								
	3								
	2								
	5								
What is bioaccumulation? Write its significance.									
Karnataka.	2								
	10x2=20								
servation.	5								
	3								
List any three endemic plants of India.  Name any two types of frequency distribution.									
ta, which shows th	e <b>5</b>								
30 30-40	40-50								
5	3								
	3								
tages.	2								
	5								
	3								
	2								
6									

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BOT 602.3 Reg. No. ....

## **CREDIT BASED SIXTH SEMESTER B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION APRIL 2015 BOTANY**

## PAPER VIII – ENVIRONMENTAL BIOLOGY AND BIOMETRICS

Time: 3 Hrs	Max. Marks: 80

## **Instructions:**

b)

c)

- 1. Answer both Part A & Part B.
- 2. Answer two full questions from each unit.
- 3. All questions in Part B carry equal marks.
  4. Draw diagrams wherever necessary.

	4. D	raw diagrams wherever necessary.	
		PART – A	
1.	Ans	swer any TEN of the following: 10x	2=20
	a)	What are heliophytes? Give one example.	
	b)	Differentiate between phylloclade and cladode.	
	c)	Define population	
	d)	Name the relationship of organisms in the following examples.	
		(i) Hermit crab and sea anemone.	
		(ii) Mycorrhizae inside the roots.	
	e)	Differentiate between primary succession and secondary succession.	
	f)	Give four examples for the plants found in the rooted submerged stage.	
	g)	What are greenhouse gases? Give two examples.	
	h)	What is meant by hard water?	
	i)	What is mulching? Write its importance.	
	j)	Name any four endemic plants.	
	k)	Expand NEERI and CRZ.	
	1)	What is Chi square test? Write its formula.	
		PART – B	
		UNIT – I	
Ans	swer a	any TWO of the following: 2x1	0=20
2.	a)	Discuss the effect of temperature on Vegetation	5
	b)	What is meant by carrying capacity of the environment	3
	c)	Write a note on Mull and Mor humus	2
3.	a)	Explain soil profile with a suitable diagram.	5
	b)	Write any three physical effects of wind on plants.	3
	c)	What are pneumatophores? Mention their importance?	2
4.	a)	Discuss morphological adaptations of hydrophytes with suitable examples	5

3

2

Name the different phases of growth curve.

What is antibiosis? Give one example

# UNIT – II

Ansv	ver ar	ny TWO of the	e followi	ng:								2x10=	20
5.	a)	Give a detaile	ed accour	nt of Xero	sere								5
	b)	What is sand	dune floi	ra? Give t	wo exai	mpl	les.						3
	c)	What is mean											2
6.	a)	Give an accor	unt of dry	and wet	forests	of l	Karna	taka					5
	b)	Write a note on bioaccumulation with an example.										3	
	c)	What is BOD	? Mentic	n its sign	ificance	<del>)</del> .							2
7.	a) Explain the effects of water pollution.							5					
	b)	Explain the n	nethod to	measure	the mic	rob	ial co	ntan	nination	of w	ater.		3
	c)	What is clima	x stage?										2
					UNIT -	TT	T						
Δnes	wer ar	ny TWO of the	e followi		UNII -	- 11.	1					2x10=	20
Alls	vci ai	iy i wo or un	J TOHOWI	ng.								2X1U	20
8.	a)	Give a detaile	ed accour	nt of urba	n rain w	ate	r harv	estir	ng, its m	etho	ds and	d advan	tages 5
	b)	What is poly	culture?	What are	its adva	ınta	ges?						3
	c)	Represent the					_	e gra	aph.				
		Monthly fish		_					•				2
	Mo	onth	Jan	Feb	Marc	h	Apr	il	May	Ju	ine		
	Ca	tch in tonnes	20	25	30		10		35	4	10		
9.	a)	Explain the d	ifferent t	ypes of so	oil erosi	on a	and its	s cor	nsequenc	ces.			5
	b)	Write a brief	note on I	Hot spots	of India	ι.			•				3
	c)	Give a compa	arison of	primary a	and seco	nda	ary da	ta.					2
10.	a)	Calculate the	Standard	l Deviatio	on for th	e fo	ollowi	ing d	ata.				5
	Wei	ght of fruits in	gms 8	8 6	7 5		6	10	8	6	7	7	
	b)	Write a short	note on o	different s	stages of	f se	wage	treat	tment.				3
	c)	What is Agro	forestry?	What are	e its adv	ant	ages?						2

# CREDIT BASED SIXTH SEMESTER B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION APRIL 2016 BOTANY

## PAPER V - PLANT BIOTECHNOLOGY

Time: 3 Hrs Max. Marks: 80

### **Instructions:**

1)

- 1. Answer both Part A & Part B.
- 2. Answer two full questions from each unit.
- 3. All questions in Part B carry equal marks.
- 4. Draw diagrams wherever necessary.

#### PART - A

1. Answer any TEN of the following. 10x2 = 20What is immunological screening? Mention its use. a) Write the contribution of any two scientists to the field of gene cloning. b) Write the principles in the working of laminar airflow cabinet. c) What are vaccines? Write an example for genetically engineered vaccines. d) Differentiate between hybrids and cybrids. e) What are transgenes? Name the source of transgenes in golden rice. f) What are somaclonal variations? Give an example. g) What are the applications of pollen culture? h) What is upstream processing? i) What is Adjunct? j) Write the microbial source and importance of glutamic acid. k)

## PART – B UNIT – I

Write the applications of monolayer culture.

Ans	wer a	ny TWO of the following.	2x10=20
2.	a)	What is somatic embryogenesis? Explain.	5
	b)	Write any three milestones in the field of plant tissue culture.	3
	c)	What are surface sterilants? Give any two examples	2
3.	a)	Explain the nutritional requirements to be met in tissue culture media.	5
	b)	Write a note on technique employed in the isolation of protoplasts.	3
	c)	Differentiate between dedifferentiation and redifferentiation.	2
4.	a)	What are synthetic seeds? Comment on the production technique with	applications.
			5
	b)	What are Calli? Write their importance.	3
	c)	Mention any two methods of growth measurement.	2

# UNIT – II

		2,122	
Ans	wer a	ny TWO of the following.	2x10=20
5.	a)	Explain briefly <i>Agrobacterium</i> mediated gene transfer technology.	. 5
٥.	b)	Comment on "Yeast as a suitable eukaryotic gene model".	3
	c)	Draw a labelled diagram of P <sup>BR322</sup> .	2
	٠,	Dian a modified diagram of x	_
6.	a)	Write a note on herbicide tolerance and Bt toxin gene.	5
	b)	Differentiate between cDNA and genomic DNA.	3
	c)	What is antisense RNA technology? What is the significance of this pro-	ocess. 2
7.	a)	Explain the physical methods of direct gene transfer.	5
	b)	Write a note on (i) DNA ligase (ii) Taq Polymerase	3
	c)	Write any four importance features of restriction enzymes	2
		UNIT – III	
Ans	wer a	any TWO of the following.	2x10=20
8.	a)	Explain the concept of enzyme immobilization with applications.	5
	b)	Write the flow chart of basis steps of downstream processing.	3
	c)	Write any four sources of SCP.	2
9.	a)	Explain the microbial production of vit $B_{12}$ .	5
	b)	Differentiate between batch and continuous fermentation.	3
	c)	Write a note on biohazards.	2
10.	a)	Comment on (i) chemostat (ii) Roux bottle.	5
	b)	What are the guidelines and advantages of IPR.	3
	c)	Give an example for microbial sources of flavours and organic acid.	2